

## The Bloomfield Record.

WASHINGTON CORRESPONDENCE.  
WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 8; 1874.

Congress met yesterday for its "short session," and after the long summer recess and the eventful results of the late election, there was not the excitement usual on such an occasion. Although the crowd of outsiders, lookers-on and visitors was very large, it was not as enthusiastic as could be expected, and there was a notable absence of colored citizens in the so-called "small-pox" gallery. This gallery was so named because it was the gentleman's gallery and is always full of colored people, who make this a lounging place. During the session of Congress, the galleries are generally close and warm, and it has an effect upon these susceptible citizens. Half of them are generally asleep.

At ten o'clock in the morning members began to arrive, and very soon thereafter the floors of the House and Senate, with dignitaries and leaders of political thought. The hum of voices and compressed tones of excited conversation or laughter continued until the hour of noon, when in the House, Speaker Blaine rapped for order.

After the roll-call and the appointment of the usual Committee to wait on the President, it was expected a recess would be taken, but Mr. Phelps, of New Jersey, sought the floor to obtain unanimous consent to introduce a bill for the repeal of the so-called Poland press-gag law. A member objecting, his bill was withdrawn.

Finally the message was received, and attracted particular attention on account of its frank acknowledgement of the present unfortunate financial condition. After the reading there was an attempt at applause.

The Senate chamber was crowded. The re-union of the last session, forty-third Congress, was suggestive of ideas in hand-shaking and congratulations which found expression in many a pleasant remark. The most conspicuous on the floor was Sir Edward Thornton and W. M. Evarts. The galleries were completely filled, notwithstanding the absence of any promised Senatorial excitement. In a front seat, side by side, sat Mrs. President Grant and Mrs. Secretary Fish. The former, though unassuming as the most humble lady in the land, impressed all who saw her that she is a noble American Mother, and the example of her domestic life is one for American girls to study and imitate.

At this session both parties will be circumspect, and careful to make no false move calculated to imperil success in the coming Presidential election. Certainly the Republicans will be forewarned, and avoid falling into the trap Mr. Fernando Wood proposes to have set for them by the Democracy. The real business of the session will not be entered upon until after the holidays, and the adjournment over the holidays will probably take place about the 20th inst.

Mr. Clark, the Capitol Architect, is making considerable headway with the improvements in and around the Capitol building. The walks and approaches are very nearly ready, but work will go on if weather permits.

The pictures in the Rotunda have been touched up and decidedly improved in their appearance. The painting of the Landing of Columbus, which was badly shrivelled and cracked has been entirely restored by a new varnish.

All of Trumbull's famous Rotunda pictures have had the old varnish removed, which improves their appearance greatly. The Committee on Public Building are going to ask for a law by which a better class of private buildings will be allowed in future to be erected in the neighborhood so as to get rid of the old shanties and sheds that now exist there.

The dismissal of about three hundred and eighty female employees from the printing bureau of the Treasury Department, which was to take place to-day has been postponed. It is thought Congress will interfere to prevent the terrible suffering that will surely follow the dismissal of such a number of persons from an employment that is their sole support.

The Secretary of State will lay before the President to-day his programme for the reception and entertainment of the "King of the Cannibal Islands." An office of the Army and one of the Navy will be designated to take the King and his suite in charge, and to see that they are properly cared for during their visit.

A delegation of fifteen Navajos arrived here on the 2d, from New Mexico. They want to exchange the northern part of their reservation, where mines have been discovered, for a strip of pasture territory on the south, and also desire to present sundry grievances including the alleged killing of some of their tribe by miners recently. These Indians, although they were not subdued without great difficulty, some twelve years ago, are now all pastoral in their habits, own about 130,000 sheep, and 10,000 horses. The tribe numbers about 11,000 souls. Their annuities under treaty stipulations amount to \$65,000 a year.

VINCENT.

A circular published by the Kansas Relief Committee, giving an accurate account of the ravages of grasshoppers in Kansas, the localities visited, the actual damages done—giving information how and where to send aid, &c., &c., will be sent to any one who addresses "County Clerk, Hutchinson, Reno County, Kansas."

The Duchess of Edinburg has received a splendid copy of the Bible, a gift from 8,000 maidens of the United Kingdom. It was presented by a deputation of 15 ladies.

### The Regulation of Diphtheria.

The following rules for the prevention or extirpation of diphtheria form the concluding sentences of a report submitted by Dr. Stephen Smith, of the Board of Health:

"Precautions.—The Dwelling or Apartment.—Cleanliness in and around the dwelling, and pure air in living and sleeping rooms, are of the utmost importance wherever any contagious disease is prevailing, as cleanliness tends both to prevent and mitigate it. Every kind and source of filth around and in the house should be thoroughly removed, cellars and foul areas should be cleaned and disinfected; drains should be put in perfect repair; dirty walls and ceilings should be lime-washed, and every occupied room should be thoroughly ventilated. Apartments which have had occupants sick with diphtheria should be cleansed with disinfectants, ceilings lime-washed and wood-work painted, the carpets, bedclothes, upholstered furniture, &c., exposed many days to fresh air, and the sunlight (all articles which may be soiled or subjected to high degrees of heat should be thus disinfected). Such rooms should be exposed to currents of fresh air for at least one week before reoccupation.

"Well Children.—When diphtheria is prevailing no child should be allowed to kiss strange children, nor those suffering from sore throat (the disgusting custom of compelling children to kiss every visitor is a well-conceived method of propagating other grave diseases than diphtheria), nor should it sleep with or be confined to rooms occupied by, or use articles, as toys taken in the mouth, handkerchiefs, &c., belonging to children having sore throat, croup or catarrh. If the weather is cold, the child should be warmly clad in flannels.

"When Diphtheria is in the House or in the Family.—The well children should be scrupulously kept apart from the sick, in dry, well-aired rooms, and every possible source of infection through the air, by personal contact with the sick and by articles used about them or in their rooms, should be rigidly guarded. Every attack of sore throat, croup and catarrh should be once attended to. The feeble should have invigorating food and treatment.

"Sick Children.—The sick should be rigidly isolated in well-aired (the air being entirely changed at least hourly) unlighted rooms, the outflow of air being, as far as possible through the external windows by depressing the upper and elevating the lower sash, or a chimney heated by a fire in an open fireplace; all discharges from the mouth and nose should be received into vessels containing disinfectants, as solutions of carbolic acid or sulphate of zinc, or upon cloths which are immediately burned, or if not burned thoroughly boiled or placed under a disinfecting fluid."

### The Metuchen Murder.

Daniel Talmage, an aged, well-to-do farmer and a much esteemed resident of Raritan township, was murdered and robbed in broad daylight within a short distance of his house last Thursday. He was discovered in his barn in an unconscious state, hanging over the box of a wagon with his head crushed in and covered with blood. It was at first supposed he had been kicked by one of the horses, but an examination about the premises proved that a brutal murder had been committed, and footprints in the snow indicated the direction taken by the fugitive assailant. Mr. Talmage never recovered consciousness, and died soon after being taken into his house. The tracks in the snow led directly to the house of a neighbor named Edward Mandy, who was arrested on suspicion, but it was found that he and his wife were in New Brunswick at the time the murder occurred. Suspicion then fell upon a young man named Michael Sullivan, who had worked for Talmage and others in the vicinity. A man answering his description was seen crossing the fields from Talmage's barn on the afternoon of the murder. Detectives were soon at work endeavoring to find and arrest Sullivan, for whom a reward was offered. While the police were on his track, several witnesses testified before the coroner's jury that Sullivan had been seen since the murder, making an ostentatious display of a large amount of money. Late last Saturday night he was arrested at the Market St. Depot, Newark, having taken a train from Jersey City after getting a ticket for Rahway.

The inquest was concluded at Metuchen on Monday night. Michael Dunnigan testified that he saw Sullivan in Metuchen just before the time of the murder, making inquiries for Talmage's place. Charles Hardwick a Newark keeper, testified that Sullivan left forty dollars with him for safe-keeping while he went to New York. Detective McManus, of Newark, said he searched Sullivan on Saturday night, and found a pocket memorandum book in which was a transfer ticket of the Newark Savings Institution for a bank book left there by Mr. Talmage. A verdict was rendered certifying that "Daniel Talmage came to his death from the effects of blows inflicted with a club in the hands of Michael Sullivan." The prisoner denied his guilt, and was committed to jail at New Brunswick. He is twenty-two, and bears a bad reputation.

The trial of Rev. J. S. Glendenning, of Jersey City, charged with the seduction of Mary E. Pomeroy, has resulted in his removal from his church, by resolution of Presbytery, the accused having been found guilty of unministerial and unchristian conduct.

The vote upon the three most grave accusations brought against him, viz: Seduction, breach of promise of marriage and falsehood, resulted in those charges not being sustained, the minority being 8 against 13. The specification of the fourth charge relating to his compromise of christian character was sustained by a vote of 16 against 5. A report was adopted, in which the Presbytery states that it "cannot express too forcibly its censure of the unministerial conduct of the Rev. John S. Glendenning in his foolish and injudicious intimacy with a member of his church, the late Mary E. Pomeroy, as exhibited in the visits he paid her, the costly presents he gave her, and the relations he sustained to her both by manifesting regard for her and by allowing her to express her preference for him to such a degree that their names became associated as engaged to be married." The Presbytery recognizes the fact that a papa has been urged in extenuation of their intimacy on the ground of the religious ignorance of the young lady already named and the desire of her minister to be faithful in his pastoral oversight and friendship. But the Presbytery has not so learned the duties of the pastoral office as to give any other than a most severe condemnation to visits and presents and intimacies such as these. With the utmost sadness of heart that such a charge should rest upon one of its members, the Presbytery hereby administers its solemn censure to the Rev. John S. Glenden-

ning for his unministerial and unchristian conduct. \* \* \* Under these circumstances it is unwise that the Rev. John S. Glendenning should continue to act as pastor of the Prospect Avenue Church; and the Presbytery in the exercise of that authority committed to it for the welfare of the churches and the glory of God's most holy name, deems it right to dissolve this pastoral relation."

### LETTERS

REMAINING UNCLAIMED at the Post Office in Bloomfield, N. J., December 9, 1874.

Baldwin, Ayers  
Black, Wm. Lizzie  
Brady, Daniel  
Barnhart, W. W.  
Butterworth, Miss Sarah  
Colt, Mrs. Marian  
Condit, Peter  
Doherty, John J.  
Davenport, Miss Eddie  
Denaux, Mrs. Nettie  
Drechfahl, Albert H.  
De Vere, Miss Nellie J.  
Ford, D. S.  
Foster, James  
Glemon, Daniel  
Grummon, D. W.  
Gilbert, Miss Kate D.  
Jaeger, John  
Lanahan, Elias  
Lier, Michael

Meyer, Mary L.  
Miles, F. M.  
McCauley, J.  
McDevitt, John  
Osborn, Mrs. Chas.  
Perrino, Mrs. F. E.  
Perry, J. J.  
Price, Mrs. A. S.  
Richter, Fred  
Roberson, Mrs. Sarah C.  
Rose, A. W.  
Smith, George  
Stiles, Mrs. Sarah  
Schofield, Ira D.  
Thompson, N.  
Van Liew, John N.  
Woodruff, Arden W.  
Wallace, William F.  
Yosten, M.

Any person calling for the above letters will please say "Advertised." H. DODD, P. M.

WONDERFUL SUCCESS.—Three years ago Dr. B. L. Green's Syrup was introduced in the United States for the cure of the Disease of Conches, severe Colds settled on the breast, Consumption and other diseases of the Throat and Lungs. No medicine ever had such a success 300,000 sample bottles have been distributed every year for three years by Druggists in all parts of the United States, and over 100,000 cases of Druggists are now on our files, saying that no other preparation in their stores sells as well and gives such excellent satisfaction. All we ask is that you go to your Druggist, George R. Davis Broad st. opposite the Post Office, and get a sample bottle for 10 cents and try it; regular size 75 cents.

A MAN IN RUINS.—One of the saddest spectacles in the world is a human being shattered and broken down by the use of ardent spirits. But the damage may be repaired, the ruin restored to perfect soundness, by a course of that most powerful of all ingredients, Dr. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS. Beware of those "tonics" of which rum is an element. They aggravate disease and promote decay.

MONTCLAIR RAILWAY TIME TABLE.

November 1874.

LEAVE MONTCLAIR for New York at 6.04, 7.37 and 8.53 A. M.; 2.41, 3.50 and 5.28 P. M.

LEAVE BLOOMFIELD for New York at 6.10, 7.42, 8.55 A. M., 2.45, 3.50 and 5.28 P. M.

LEAVE NEW YORK for Bloomfield, Montclair and other stations at 12.00, M., 3.30, 4.30, 5.30 and 6.30 P. M. N. B.—The train due at New York at 8.30, A. M. runs independently of the New Jersey Midland.

Monthly community tickets may be obtained at 111 Liberty Street, N. Y., at one-sixth (1/6) of the six months rates.

W. H. WEED, Gen. Pass. Agt.

BLUE STONE YARD!

THE NEAREST YARD TO BLOOMFIELD.

Between Third and Fourth Avenues, at the Paterson & Newark R. R. Depot in Newark.

FLAGGING

of all Sizes,

Curb stones,

Sills & Lintels

Chimney Caps,

Well Stones,

Cistern Necks,

Hearths,

And everything in the Blue Stone trade, cut to Order

Curb Setting & Flag Laying

A SPECIALTY.

All stone from my own Quarries, and of Superior Quality.

ORDERS directed to No. 9 Austin St., or calls at the yard will be promptly attended to.

G. W. N. CUSTIS, Supt.

AMOS PIERSOHN,

9 Austin St., Newark, N. J.

Passage Tickets.

LIVERPOOL AND GREAT WESTERN STEAM CO.

STEERAGE PASSAGE FROM N. Y. .... \$30

From Queenstown or Liverpool ..... \$32

Children under 12 and over 1 year, half price; infants under 1 year, \$3 to New York; free from New York, in currency.

DRAFFTS ON DEMAND.

On the Royal Bank of Ireland, Liverpool, London, Edinburgh, and all parts of the Continent, for sale at the lowest rates. For further particulars apply to JOHN ARCHDEACON, Bloomfield, N. J.

ESSEX COUNTY MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

CHARTERED IN 1843.

Office on Liberty street, a few doors east of Broad, BLOOMFIELD.

This Company continues to insure Dwellings, Barns, Stores and other country property, on terms more favorable than any other Company. It has no city risks, and is therefore liable to no great disaster like the City fire.

Z. B. DODD, President.

T. C. DODD, Secy.

THE PEOPLE'S MARKET.

J. W. LEES.

COR. BLOOMFIELD CENTRE AND GLENWOOD AVE.

Constantly on hand a good supply of

BEEF, VEAL, MUTTON, LAMB & PORK.

Fresh Vegetables, and Fruits in season. Quality unsurpassed. Orders promptly attended to and delivered when desired.

J. W. LEES.

BLOOMFIELD FISH MARKET.

JAMES N. WANAMAKER,

DEALER IN

FRESH FISH, OYSTERS,

BEEF, PORK, LAMB, VEGETABLES, &c.

Glenwood Avenue, Opp. Hayes & Taylor's Store.

BLOOMFIELD MARKET.

WILLIAM J. MADISON,

Dealer in

VEAL MUTTON LAMB PORK & PORK.

POULTRY, SMOKED AND CORNED MEATS,

Fruits and Vegetables in their season.

BLOOMFIELD CENTRE.

JAN. 32 BLOOMFIELD, N. J.

COLUMBIA MARKET.

JOSEPH BOLSHAW,

Dealer in

BEEF, VEAL, MUTTON, LAMB, PORK and POULTRY

Smoked and Corned Meats, also Fruits and Vegetables in their season.

Bloomfield Avenue. Opposite Archdeacon's Hotel.

## HALSEY, HUNTER & HALSEY

Announce the Opening of their Large and Attractive Stock of

## FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING,

Embracing all the New Styles of Material, English Worsted, Diagonal and Cashmere Coatings, made up